# Section B: Magazines – Changing Representations

# Magazines Overview:

The magazine industry has **changed rapidly** over the last ten years. There is a different approach to the **content distributed** and to how magazines **target and maintain varieties of audiences**.

Your alternative magazine will be aimed at a very **specific audience**. The digital age has benefitted such publications in the sense that now more people have potential access to these magazines than ever.

This is a **hugely competitive market**, and to participate within this market it is more important than ever to **build brand identity and build audience loyalty**.

### Media Language:

Consider how the **mode of address links** to the **brand identity and ideologies** of the product.

What **images are prioritised** by the product? Where do they occur within the wider mise-en-scene? What is the camera angle/distance? Is the image posed or a snapshot?

What is the **ratio of text to image**? What sort of l**anguage** is used by the magazine, and how far does this **language rely on the cultural competence** of the target audience?

How is **vivid colour** used to **maintain audiences** who are simply browsing? What **layout features** are prioritised by the web site? How does the product use **enigma and action codes** to maintain the casual browser?

# **Representation:**

**Gauntlett** is an interesting starting point for looking at representations within magazines. Do **modern products offer a more diverse range of representations**?

How does the product construct representations and in what ways may this **influence the reading by the preferred audience**? What **hegemonies do the representations conform to or even challenge**? How do the **central representations interplay with the rest of the mise-en-scene**? What **ideologies could these representations embody for the audience**?

#### **Critical Perspectives:**

#### Structuralism - Claude Lévi-Strauss

How do the **underlying structures**; the layout features, the selection of images; **create meaning**?

If meaning is created by opposition, then what are the images within a particular magazine in opposition to?

What **ideological significance could the resolution of these oppositions have** (for example, the representation of a hegemonically attractive person may create an aspiration theoretically fulfilled by the advertisements for cosmetics within the magazine)?

#### Critical perspectives on gender - Liesbet van Zoonen

If magazines can be considered a barometer of cultural and historical contexts, then **what meanings do constructed representations of gender hold for audiences**?





# Social/Cultural/Historical contexts:

Consider how far the media contexts influence the content of the magazine and how audiences may respond to the content. With the alternative choices, the magazines are aimed at certain demographics with their own subcultural competencies. The mainstream and historical magazines are revealing of their respective social and cultural contexts, as magazines often respond to the values and beliefs of their particular eras.