



Aquí Mando Yo

Knowledge Organiser

Generación Digital – The digital generation

Use this vocabulary to say how you use the internet or different apps. You will need to change the endings to say 'I download', and you may wish to include frequency words such as 'normalmente'

descargar música	- to download music
gastar batería	- to waste battery
hacer la compra por internet	- to shop online
jugar a videojuegos	- to play videogames
llamar por videollamada	- to videocall
sacar fotos	- to take photos
subir fotos	- to upload photos
ver videos	- to watch videos
la aplicacion	- app
mi móvil	- my mobile
mi tableta	- my tablet
mi portátil	- my laptop
la conexion wifi	- wifi connection
el navegador	- satnav
en mi cuenta de...	- on my ... account

Somos melóman@s – We're music lovers

tocar (toco)	- to play (i play)
la batería	- the drums
la flauta	- the flute
la guitarra	- the guitar
el piano	- the piano
la trompeta	- the trumpet
el violín	- the violin

Adjectives: Film & TV

Use these adjectives to describe films and TV programmes

cautivador	- captivating
complejo/a	- complex
decepcionante	- disappointing
entretenido/a	- entertaining
espeluznante	- terrifying
impactante	- striking
memorable	- memorable
nuevo	- new
predecible	- predictable
profundo/a	- deep
sangriento/a	- gory
triste	- sad

me da miedo	- it scares me
me hace pensar	- it makes me think
me hace reír	- it makes me laugh

Mis grupos favoritos – my fave bands

el/la artista	- artist
la banda	- band/group
el./la cantante	- singer
el concierto	- concert
el/la melomano/a	- music lover
mi artista favorite es...	- my favourite artist

Qué ponen en la tele? – What do they show on TV?

Remember to use the time to say when they show different types of programmes. You can give opinions too.

un concurso	- a game show
unos dibujos animados	- cartoons
un documental	- a documentary
un programa de deportes	- a sports programme
un programa de humor	- a comedy programme
un programa musical	- a music programme
un telediario	- the news
una telenovela	- a soap
una serie	- a series / sit-com
mi programa favorita es	- my favourite programme is
me gusta ver...	- i like to watch...
a la carta	- on demand
hacer un maratón de...	- to binge watch...
el capítulo	- episode/chapter
el canal	- channel
la programación	- tv guide/ schedule

En el cine o en casa? – At the cinema or at home?

una película de...	- a ... film
cómica	- comedy
de aventuras	- adventure
de ciencia ficción	- science fiction
de dibujos animados	- animated
de miedo	- horror
de misterio	- mystery/ thriller
del oeste	- western
musical	- musical
romántica	- romantic
mi película favorite es...	- my favourite film is...



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Quiero ser... – I want to be...

Use this vocabulary to say what job you would like to be in the future. Remember you don't need 'un/una' with jobs in Spanish.

Me gustaría ser... - I would like to be...
 Soy... - I am...
 Mi padre es... - My dad is...

Actor/actriz - actor
 Arquitecto/a - architect
 Bibliotecario/a - librarian
 Bloguero/a - blogger
 Carnicero/a - butcher
 Científico/a - scientist
 Cocinero/a - chef
 Dentista - dentist
 Electricista - electrician
 Enfermero/a - nurse
 escritor(a) - writer
 Fontanero/a - plumber
 Fotógrafo/a - photographer
 Granjero/a - farmer
 Mecánico/a - mechanic
 Médico - doctor
 Pescadero/a - fishmonger
 Piloto - pilot
 Policía - police officer
 Profesor(a) - teacher
 Recepcionista - receptionist
 Secretario/a - secretary
 Jugador(a) de fútbol - football player

Use these words to explain why you would like these jobs:

El/la jefe – boss
 El sueldo – salary
 La libertad – freedom
 Agradable – pleasant
 Estimulante – stimulating
 Exigente – demanding
 Agotador – tiring
 Gratificante - satisfying

Aa Gramática

p.66; WB p.33

Comparisons with *preferir...* a...

Remember that the verb *preferir* is radical-changing in the present tense:

<i>prefiero</i>	I prefer
<i>prefieres</i>	you (singular) prefer
<i>prefiere</i>	he/she prefers
<i>preferimos</i>	we prefer
<i>preferís</i>	you (plural) prefer
<i>prefieren</i>	they prefer

Follow it with the preposition *a* to make comparisons:

- *Prefiero tocar la batería a ver la tele.*
I'd rather play drums than watch TV.
- *Prefiero la música clásica a la música rock.*
I prefer classical music to rock music.

Aa Gramática

Mejor and peor

As adjectives, *mejor* (best) and *peor* (worst) are placed before the noun and can be singular or plural.

- *la mejor película* the best film
- *los peores libros* the worst books

As nouns, the expressions *lo mejor* and *lo peor* can be used to describe the best or worst thing.

- *Lo mejor de la película es la música.*
The best thing about the film is the music.
- *Lo peor de mi profesor es que es muy estricto.*
The worst thing about my teacher is that he is very strict.

Mis intereses personales – My personal interests

Use this vocabulary to talk about social networks.

Los datos personales - personal data
 El estado - status
 La obsesión - obsession
 El perfil de internet - internet profile
 La red social - social network
 La tendencia - trend
 El tuit - tweet

Remember to change the endings to 'i' etc.

Cambiar mi estado - to update/change my status
 Comentar las fotos - to comment on photos
 Dar 'me gusta' - to 'like' (e.g. a photo)
 Hacer videos en directo - to make live videos
 Leer las noticias - to read the news
 Estar de moda - to be in fashion/fashionable
 Estar bien informado - to be well informed
 Estar obsesionado/a - to be obsessed
 Poner efectos - to add effects
 Poner filtros - to add filters
 Subir selfis - to upload selfies

Aa Gramática

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Ser and estar

Both *ser* and *estar* mean 'to be', but they are used in very different ways.

- *Ser* is used for general descriptions, permanent conditions and the time.
- *Estar* is used for positions, temporary conditions and emotions.

Mi hermana es alta. My sister is tall.
Estoy contenta. I am happy.
Córdoba está cerca de Sevilla. Cordoba is near Seville.